

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/848,377	05/03/2001	Gregory Prince	469201-540	8081
7590 12/04/2003 CARELLA, BYRNE, BAIN, GILFILLAN, CECCHI, STEWART & OLSTEIN 6 Becker Farm Road			EXAMINER	
			SCHEINER, LAURIE A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Roseland, NJ	07068		1648	
		•	DATE MAILED: 12/04/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/848,377

Applicant(s)

Prince et al.

Examiner

Laurie Scheiner

Art Unit 1648



	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears of	on the cover sheet	with the correspondenc	address				
	or Reply							
	A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE3 MONTH(S) FROM							
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the								
mailing date of this communication If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.								
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).								
- Any re	ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of th							
earned Status	patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Jul 31, 20	003		·				
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This acti	ion is non-final.						
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposi	tion of Claims							
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-40</u>		is/are pending	in the application.				
4	a) Of the above, claim(s) <u>1-21 and 25-28</u>		is/are withdra	awn from consideration.				
5) 🗆	Claim(s)		is/are all	owed.				
6) 💢	Claim(s) 22-24 and 29-40		is/are re	jected.				
7) 🗆	Claim(s)		is/are ob	jected to.				
8) 🗌	Claims	are s	ubject to restriction and	/or election requirement.				
Applica	ition Papers		*	•				
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	a) accepted	or b) \square objected to by	the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the d	rawing(s) be held	in abeyance. See 37 CFR	1.85(a).				
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)□ approved b)□ dis	approved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	ner.						
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a) All b) Some* c) None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority do application from the International Burea			ional Stage				
*S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the							
14)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35	5 U.S.C. § 119(e).					
a) 🗆	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	l application has	been received.					
15)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35	5 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or	121.				
Attachm		_						
	otice of References Cited (PTO-892)	_	nary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)	_				
	2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)							
3) [X] Inf	formation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)4	6) Uther:						

Art Unit: 1648

Applicant's election of Group II (claims 22-24) in Paper No. 6 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)). Newly presented claims 29-40 will also be examined. Newly submitted claim 28 is directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed because the invention elected by applicants is drawn to a method of treating a respiratory disease wherein an anti-viral antibody and a steroid as an anti-inflammatory agent are employed. However, claim 28 differs in scope from the elected invention since an additional anti-bacterial antibody is required. Accordingly, claim 28 is withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. Claims 1-21 and 25-27 are also withdrawn from consideration. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 24 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Johnson et al. (The Journal of Infectious Diseases, 1999; 180:35-40).

Johnson et al. clearly teach the *in vivo* efficacy of MEDI-493 in the clinical treatment of RSV infection by inhibiting viral replication.

Claims 22, 23, 29-34 and 36-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Prince et al. (US Patent No. 5,290,540).

Application/Control Number: 09/848,377

Art Unit: 1648

Prince et al. clearly teach a method of treating a respiratory disease in an afflicted patient wherein a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-viral neutralizing antibody in a pharmacologically acceptable carrier are employed. Prince et al. additionally teach that an anti-inflammatory agent such a corticosteroid (cortisone) may be additionally employed. The anti-viral antibody is administered in a dosage from 0.1 µg to 1000 mg/kg body weight of the host, which encompasses the claimed dosage of 5 to 20 mg/kg body weight. Moreover, the steroids of Prince et al. are administered in the dosage range of 0.1 µg to 1000 mg/kg body weight of the host, which encompasses the claimed dosage of 10 µg to 1 gram per kg body weight. At column 12, lines 17 to 25, Prince et al. clearly teach concurrent use of an antiviral antibody agent and a corticosteroid. Variations on the treatment protocol are also exemplified.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 35 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Prince et al. (US Patent No. 5,290,540) in view of Johnson et al. (The Journal of Infectious Diseases, 1999; 180:35-40).

Prince et al. teach as set forth supra.

Johnson et al. teach as set forth above.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have employed the MEDI-493 of Johnson et al. in the methods of Prince et al. since Prince et al. clearly teach the superiority of combining administered antiviral and anti-inflammatory agents to

Page 4

Application/Control Number: 09/848,377

Art Unit: 1648

accelerate clinical therapy. More specifically, Prince et al. clearly teach an in vivo method of

treating a respiratory disease by the concurrent administering of an anti-RSV antibody and

corticosteroid, resulting in accelerated viral clearance and reversal of pulmonary disease.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Laurie Scheiner, whose telephone number is (703) 308-1122. Due to a

flexible work schedule, the examiner's hours typically vary each day. However, the examiner

can normally be reached Monday thru Friday. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone

are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Housel, can be reached on (703) 308-4027.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be

directed to the Group 1600 receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Correspondence related to this application may be submitted to Group 1600 by facsimile

transmission. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official

Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). Official communications should be directed toward

one of the following Group 1600 fax numbers: (703) 308-4242, (703) 305-3014, (703) 872-9306

or (703) 872-9307. Informal communications may be submitted directly to the Examiner through

the following fax number: (703) 746-5226.

 $\Gamma(O)$

Laurie Scheiner/LAS November 3, 2003

> LAURIE SCHEINER PRIMARY EXAMINER